

THE GAZETTE.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 17.

POLITICAL PARTIES AND LAND GRANTS.

The other day when General Powell, the democratic candidate for governor of Ohio, was making a speech, he used this language: "Until the republican party came into power not one acre of the public lands had ever been granted to railroads or other corporations." This statement made by General Powell only, would be of little consequence, but it has been made repeatedly by the democratic press during the present year for the purpose of boosting the administration.

When Senator Sherman made his speech at Wilmington, Ohio, on Thursday, he took occasion to answer General Powell on the land grant question. It appears from the congressional records that the policy of granting lands to railroads or to states for railway purposes was started as far back as 1851, by the grant of immense and valuable tracts of land in Illinois by the democratic party, led by Mr. Douglas, and that at every congress after, and prior to Lincoln's election, under democratic rule, and with the approval of a democratic president, large grants of public lands have been repeatedly made to aid in building railroads, and this, too, when after two democratic presidents had voted the grant of public lands to settlers for homesteads. There was no division on party lines as to the railroad grants, but it was deemed good policy to grant alternate sections of land to the states when the land was in a state, and to corporations when the land was in territories, to secure the construction of railroads through vast unsettled regions, and Mr. Sherman believed, and all men of good sense believe, that while some of the grants were improvident and out of time, the policy, as a whole, was a wise one.

Another charge made by the democratic press is "that the republican party inaugurated a new policy and it was kept up by that party until we find that in our numbers 250,000,000 acres of the public domain had been granted to railroad corporations." The answer to this, as stated by Mr. Sherman, is that the grants to which reference is made are mainly the several Pacific railroads, which were made not only without party divisions, but in accordance with national platforms of both the democratic and republican parties, and by the votes of republican and democratic senators and members.

Another statement made by General Powell and reiterated by the democratic press, is this: "As soon as the democrats obtained a working majority in the house of representatives they at once turned to the policy of restoring to the public domain all these unearned tracts of land. They have passed bills (which have also passed the senate and become laws) for forfeiting and reclaiming for the people from five railroads 50,482,240 acres, or 78,878 square miles of land."

Of course this statement is absolutely false. Many of roads failed to construct roads in accordance with the grants, and as a matter of course did not get the grants. The democratic party has been in power in the house of representatives ten out of twelve years, and in one congress they have a majority in both houses, and what have the democrats done in the way of repealing land grants? Let some well informed democratic answer the question. They have never been active in any effort to repeal the grants, that work being largely done by republicans and Mr. Sherman says he voted for every one of the bills.

These are facts that are well worth remembering when democratic speakers and the democratic press begin to boast of democratic efforts in congress to keep the public domain out of the hands of railway corporations.

Another complaint from Harper's Weekly, written by Mr. Curtis:

"The treatment of the civil service in Maryland has been one of the most inexplicable points in the conduct of the administration. It is not explained by the remark that there is very little reform sentiment in the state. That fact does not justify the appointment of men who are notoriously unfit, and whose offenses are a matter of judicial record. It would be lamentable if the president should be found at the end of the contest arrayed against his own declared views."

Lamentable indeed! Why the president has been arrayed against his own promises ever since he has been in office. Can Mr. Curtis name one thing in which Mr. Cleveland has not been arrayed against his own declared views? Let him name a single one. Mr. Curtis should be reminded that in his interview with a New York World representative, the president gave him to understand that he did not want to be known as a civil service reformer. In this the president is honest. He wants to be known as a democrat.

The growing independence of the south is illustrated by a news item from the New Orleans Picayune, which states that Illinois farmers propose to transport thousands of hogs from the drought stricken regions of that state to northern Mississippi, where corn is abundant. The idea of fattening Illinois hogs on Mississippi corn would have been deemed the perfection of folly a few years ago. Mississippi then dependent on Illinois and other western states for almost all her supplies of meat and corn. This year the corn crop in Mississippi is very large, and their will be plenty to supply the wants of the unfortunate Illinois farmers. This incident may serve to impress upon Mississippi and other states of the south the importance of self reliance.

The Springfield Republican thinks that the day may come when Massachusetts will have to give way to Michigan in wealth, culture and political influence.

"Michigan," it says, "has one source of state unification and intellectual leadership which is lacking in Massachusetts—a single, compact, popular and well managed university, which yearly trains some hundreds of men and women for the higher professions, and gives them that similarity of culture and unity of aim which our separate and rather discordant universities and colleges fail to impart." So long as Massachusetts holds out for a standard of manhood such as that set by Ben Butler and John L. Sullivan, what can the Springfield Republican expect?

This Glenn bill should not have been introduced and modified as it has been by the senate committee. Put it as you please, the bill as passed by the house expressed the wishes of the people of Georgia.—Augusta Chronicle.

The Glenn bill is the most infamous piece of legislation known in this country for years, and yet it "expresses the wishes of the people of Georgia." This shows how close hate toward the colored people will stick to the southerners. The Glenn bill is purely a democratic measure.

Secretary Lamar appears to be the favorite protégé of the Star-Eyed Goddess of Reform. It is said that he has put in office in Washington more relatives and neighbors than all other members of the cabinet put together. A democratic representative says the secretary is bringing up Washington and putting into office every while democrat in Mississippi, and he will have a lot of special excursion trains run at election time to take them back to vote. If he didn't do that the state would go unanimously republican.

Mayor Hewitt, of New York, calls attention to the fact that the Young Men's Christian association is continuously violating the law by maintaining two bulletin boards on the sidewalk of Twenty-third street. This seems to bother the democratic mayor very much. Had there been beer kegs on the street instead of bulletin boards, the mayor would have said nothing.

We have managed our own affairs in the past, and we are going to manage them in the future.—Atlanta Constitution.

Yes, but you managed them very badly in 1880 and '91, and because the republican party gave you a good thrashing and made you stay in the Union, you have been mad ever since. This is why the south is solid against the republican party.

The Presbyterian church will make a bold strike in 1888. One million of dollars for foreign missions—one million dollars for the fund for veterans honorably retired, and eight hundred thousand dollars for home missions, are among the grand contributions for the coming year set forth by the general assembly of that church.

A drowning man will cling to a straw and cherish hope. To the New York Evening Post, which sees that things are going republican this fall, finds consolation in the idea that it is bad for a party to be generally successful the year before a presidential election. The results this fall will give the mugwumps any amount of consolation, if that kind will suit.

Senator Cookrell, of Missouri, attributes Cleveland's last election to the "interposition of Divine power. While this removes from Dr. Burdick a tremendous responsibility, which hardly any man should carry to the grave, yet it is unjust to Divine Power."

There is considerable talk about the "Newest Orthodoxy." The newest orthodoxy we have heard of dates back about 1887 years, and is as fresh and inspiring as ever. It is the kind that never grows old and never loses its power.

An Omaha real estate man was attacked by three footpads the other night. He killed one and forced the other two to buy a thirty days' option on town lots.—Frisco Transcript.

Probably the man who was killed got the best of the bargain.

Madison is to have a cornet band composed of young ladies. The enterprises of these young ladies is to be commended. Their object is to wake up the town.

The best compliment the present democratic administration ever received from its party friends, is that it is not as bad as it might have been.

Monday, the 19th, promises to be a fine day. This may reasonably be expected as Wiggins says it will be stormy.

DON'T WANT TO HANG.

Anarchists Making Efforts to Save Their Necks.

GOV. OGLESBY'S AID TO BE INVOKED.

Text of the Petition for Executive Clemency Now Being Circulated—Some of Them Not Very Hopeful—Spies and His Proxy Wife Quarrel.

ANY THING TO RECAP.

CHICAGO, Sept. 17.—Two evening papers published yesterday morning reported to have been the result of an all-day conference among the anarchists. It was said that the result of this consultation was an almost unanimous decision to resist any attempt to put their case before Governor Oglesby for a commutation of their sentences to life imprisonment. The contrary was the actual conclusion arrived at. Intimate friends of the anarchists who were then nearly every day laugh at the idea that the men would not accept clemency from the Governor. The fact is, their friends say, that all the men are ready and willing to accept any thing that may be offered them to save their necks from the gallows.

It is true that the friends believe they will be hanged for their opinions unless the Governor intercedes for their behalf. They express themselves as having no other hope, and believe that public opinion is rapidly changing in their favor. With this idea in mind they have at last decided to make petitions to be circulated in their behalf to be presented to Governor Oglesby. They also hope to secure the signatures of the protesting attorneys, the jurymen who convicted them, and Judge Gary after the petition has become sufficiently long. The petition, which is being extensively circulated, reads as follows:

"We, the undersigned, Richard J. Oglesby, Governor of the State of Illinois: The undersigned, believing that in any case involving life, humanity and the State are better served by mercy than by the most exacting of sentences, the justice of which is questioned by many of our people, respectfully and urgently bespeak the exercise of the Executive clemency by your Excellency in the case of the following named persons, who are charged with the crime of conspiracy to defraud the State."

It is rumored around the jail that Spies and Miss Van Zandt are "out." A quarrel between the couple took place yesterday morning. Miss Van Zandt did not visit the jail in the afternoon, as was her usual custom. It was hinted that money matters at the bottom of the estrangement. Nina was expected to contribute a very considerable sum when needed to help their cases, and her failure to do so is alleged as the reason of the present difficulties between the pair.

LONDON, Sept. 17.—The intelligence received here of the final conviction of the Chicago anarchists gives occasion for some regretting.

STUCK THE NEVADA BANK.

Dr. Schuchman Borrowed \$6,533,000 on Slim Security—His Assets and Liabilities.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 17.—The statement of assets and liabilities of William Dr. Schuchman, one of the chief manipulators of the recently collapsed wheat corner, filed yesterday, shows that among the liabilities is \$6,533,000 due the Nevada Bank, and secured by the bank's notes. He also secured from the bank \$6,000,000 on the guaranty of Charles R. Reed. Reed is a farmer of Yolo County and owns a tract of land there. He is a brother of Mrs. Van Zandt, and is an old school relative. How he satisfied the Nevada Bank is not shown. A summary of the statement shows as follows:

Money borrowed on wheat and securities—\$6,533,000
Due Nevada Bank—\$6,533,000
Due to various banks—\$1,000,000
Losses on cargoes en route—\$35,000
This makes a total of over \$7,500,000, which is practically unsecured and which is supposed to approximately represent the loss in the great deal.

A BIG STRIKE ORDERED.

Eight Thousand Men in the Coke Region to Quit Work until the Scale Contract is Carried Out.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 17.—A circular has been issued by the Coke-Workers' Association to the effect that all coke workers who are working under the H. C. Frick scale must suspend work on Monday next. The circular recites that the coke workers' work after the twelve weeks' strike with a guarantee from the operators that they would sign a satisfactory sliding scale. The resumption; that all of the operators except H. C. Frick & Co. have broken faith and refused to sign a sliding scale.

San Francisco, Sept. 17.—The wreck of the missing whaler Amethyst was found recently on Casco Rock Island, in the North Pacific Ocean. Besides her crew of thirty-eight men, who had on board two of the crew of the missing bark Rainbow, and the fate of the forty-three men remains a mystery.

Death of an Old Iowa Settler.

Des Moines, Ia., Sept. 17.—Thomas Gaston died yesterday morning at almost seventy, and would have celebrated his golden wedding in December. One son is a Baptist clergyman at Cedar Rapids, and another at Meriden, Conn., while a daughter is in India on a missionary. The deceased settled here in 1820.

Another Race Arranged.

CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 17.—The president of the Detroit Driving Park Company, D. W. Chapman, has made an arrangement with G. F. Emery and W. J. Gordon, the owners of Paxon and Chicago, for a special race between these horses to be trotted Tuesday next at Detroit for a purse of \$3,000.

Stringency in Monetary Circles.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—R. G. Dun & Co. in their weekly trade review note a severe monetary stringency at important centers, and predict a large increase in gold.

Officers Killed by a Woman.

ANTIOCH, Wis., Sept. 17.—A sheriff and a deputy attempted to arrest Jacob Keyser, who was wanted in Kentucky for larceny, at Antioch yesterday, when Mrs. Keyser shot at them and killed both.

Yellow Fever's Progress.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—A statement prepared at the Marine Hospital shows that since May last, when yellow fever appeared at Key West, Fla., there have been 282 cases and sixty-two deaths. There are now eighteen patients under treatment there.

ERIN IS FRANTIC!

Her People on the Verge of a Riot—To-Morrow's Nationalist Meetings.

Fears Entertained that the Assemblies Will Result in Bloodshed.

The Fall of a Tremendous Meteor Near Augusta, Maine.

TROUBLE IN IRELAND.

[Special to the Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—A cablegram from London says that the people of Ireland are almost frantic with excitement.

Public meetings of the populace are announced for to-morrow and rioting and bloodshed are expected. The meeting will be held at Roscommon, Bandon, Newton and Kilmacomb. Members of Parliament Sheehy, Brunner, Dillon and Healy will make addresses. It is probable that the meeting will be proclaimed.

THE FORESTRY CONGRESS.

Proceedings of the Body at Springfield—New Officers Chosen.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Sept. 17.—Yesterday's session of the American Congress of forestry opened with the reading of an interesting paper on the subject of Forestry, prepared by Joseph Miller, of California. The Committee on Nominations reported the following officers for the ensuing year: President, Hon. C. H. Tripp, of Atlanta, Ga.; Vice-Presidents, Hon. H. G. Joly, of Quebec; Joseph N. Fay, of Boston, Mass.; G. H. Parsons, of Colorado; and Albert Kuny, of California; Treasurer, Hon. Martin Conrad, of Chicago; Secretary, E. E. Fenner, of Washington, D. C.; Recording Secretary, Charles G. Bell, of Louisville, Mo. Resolutions were adopted as follows, after which the convention adjourned sine die.

Naming the months of from August to October, inclusive, as the time of holding the annual meetings of the congress, the exact date to be fixed by the Executive Committee; raising the life membership fee from \$10 to \$100; constituting the two secretaries and the treasurer a permanent committee on finance; creating a committee to urge the adoption by Congress of a bill for the encouragement of forestry and protection of forests in Government domain; recommending that all National societies interested in the promotion of agriculture, horticulture, forestry and kindred subjects, to their annual meetings next year in the same city at the same time; creating a committee to draft a bill to be presented to legislative bodies of the various States for the appointment of State forestry commissioners and the protection of forests and encouragement of tree growth.

THE LAST OF EARTH.

Funeral of the Late Governor Washington Bartlett, of California—Business Houses Throughout the State Close.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 17.—The obsequies of Governor Washington Bartlett, who died in office, took place in this city yesterday, his remains being taken to Laurel Hill Cemetery. He was given a State funeral, and the occasion was in many respects one of the most remarkable in the history of the Pacific coast. There was complete cessation of business in this city and this was the rule throughout the State of California. In this city buildings were heavily draped and flags were displayed at half-mast from all the public and numerous private buildings. The remains of the Governor lay in state for two days at Pioneer Hall, Governor Bartlett having arrived in this city in 1870. After the reading of the Episcopal burial service at Grace Church, the public escort proceeded the body to the cemetery. This included all the Federal and State Guard troops, in addition to numerous civic authorities, making 10,000 people marching in line.

THE GREASERS' FOURTH.

The Anniversary of Mexican Independence Celebrated in Grand Style at the Capitol.

CITY OF MEXICO, Sept. 17.—Independence Day was celebrated yesterday with great enthusiasm. The city is finely decorated, the stars and stripes being everywhere. The day was the grand procession, in which 10,000 Mexican troops, commanded by veteran Generals, took part. The American military cars were greatly applauded. They represented the landing of Columbus, Hidalgo and Washington and the Goddess of Liberty. Americans lavished great care and expense on these cars, and they were well equipped among the finest in the procession.

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We have crutches, all sizes to sell or rent by the week.

FOR ALL GILDING, USE

Coffin De Voe & Co's. Gold Paint

Heimstreet warrants it. All dealers sell it. 627 Artists' and Dealers' Carvers. Fine Brushes, Artists' Oils and Varnishes.

TICKLE YOUR LIVER

WITH A GRAEFENBERG PILL

And it will send a thrill of joy through your body and cure every ill.

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PAYSON'S KIDNEY PILLS

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Herbal Ointment!

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Wounds, Bruises, Sprains, Etc.

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For any of these

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THE PLACE WHERE

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Can go and get a genteel fit and

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IS AT

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THE POPULAR

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There is never a mistake about the goods for they are always honest; the garments are all

Well Made and The Fit Perfect!

His stock of

Cloths, Novelties in Underwear, Neckwear, Shirts, Hats

AND CAPS is complete. In Silk, Mohair, and Cambric Umbrellas his

lines are always full, and of a character to command the attention of the public

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SCHOOL SHOES

AND

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Ever made in the Northwest, showing scores of machines in constant operation, manufacturing useful articles of daily demand.

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The Spacious Art Galleries of the Exposition filled with a matchless collection of most interesting war relics, gathered from all points of the country by G. A. R. Posts of Wisconsin.

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As made at the National Educational Convention, Chicago.

AJEAB, THE WONDERFUL.

An Automaton, which plays chess with any living person and invariably wins MANY OTHER SPECIAL FEATURES. Week of September 20, ANNUAL BECK SHOW of the Wisconsin Kennel Club. Week of September 26,

Grand MILITARY PRIZE Drills.

Introducing several of the most noted military companies of America.

Following these will come special weekly events including one for G. A. R. Posts, one for Civic Societies of Wisconsin, etc., to be announced later.

ONE HALF FARE. Arrangements have made all railway lines to carry Exposition excursionists from all stations to Milwaukee and return for one fare for round trip, EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY. Remember the days. Think of the Fun. Everybody come.

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